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NSC BRIEFING

PALL OF PINNISH GASINET

- Finland's five-party coalition government, headed by Social 1. Democrat Fagerholm, fell on 4 December following a prolonged period of Soviet pressure.
  - USSR accused Fagerholm government of being "rightist" and pro-Western, and had strongly criticized several cabinet ministers.
    - 1. Moscow was apparently concerned that Finns were moving toward closer economic relations with the West.
  - Moscov also miffed that Communist-front Finnish People's Democratic League (SEDL) was not included in the government formed after the July parliamentary elections. (With 50 out of 200 seats, SKDL is largest party in parliament.)
- USSE applied strong economic pressure to topple the Fagerholm II. government.
  - Moscow stalled on negotiations for a 1959 trade agreement.
  - B. USSR cancelled orders with several important Finnish concerns.
    - 1. The Finnish foreign ministry estimated that Soviet cutoacks in purchases and postponements of advanced payments total almost \$6,000,000.
  - USSE refused to ship any more crude oil to Finland beyond that already sent under the 1958 trade agreement.
- III. Finland could do little other than trim sails to Soviet pressure.
  - Responsible Finnish officials emphasize that maintenance of good relations with Moscow is the premise of Finland's foreign policy.

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- IV. Fall of Fagerholm government presents Communist-front SKDL with best opportunity since 1948 to demand inclusion in new government. (Commiss have been out since 1948.)
  - A. Communists to sponsor "mans demonstrations" inHelsinki next Tuesday (9 Dec) to support demand for inclusion.
  - B. President Kekkonen believed to favor a new cabinet of all non-Communist parties, except regular Social Democrats, many of whose leaders are distrusted by Moscov.
  - C. Such a coalition might not satisfy Moscow, however, and there is possibility that new government may include representatives of the Communist-front party.